

Public Law 90-457

AN ACT

To authorize project grants and loans for construction and modernization of hospitals and other medical facilities in the District of Columbia.

August 3, 1968
[S. 1228]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "District of Columbia Medical Facilities Construction Act of 1968".

District of Columbia Medical Facilities Construction Act of 1968.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR GRANTS

SEC. 2. There are authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1969, and for each of the next three fiscal years, such sums as may be necessary, not to exceed in the aggregate \$40,052,000, to enable the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "Secretary"), to make grants to assist in meeting the cost of projects for the modernization of public or non-profit private hospitals and in meeting the cost of projects for the construction or modernization of public health centers, long-term care facilities, including extended care facilities, diagnostic or treatment centers, rehabilitation facilities, facilities for the mentally retarded, and community mental health centers in the District of Columbia. Sums so appropriated shall remain available until expended.

LOANS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OR MODERNIZATION OF HOSPITALS AND OTHER HEALTH FACILITIES

SEC. 3. (a) The Secretary may make loans to assist in meeting the cost of projects for the construction or modernization of any hospital or other facility referred to in section 2 of this Act. The Secretary may make a loan under this section only if he determines that the applicant for the loan is unable to obtain the amount of such loan for the project from other public or private sources at reasonable rates of interest. The amount of any loan made under this section may not exceed 50 per centum of the cost of the project for which the loan is sought.

Limitation.

(b) Any such loan may be made only on the basis of an application submitted to the Secretary in such form and containing such information and assurances as he may prescribe.

(c) Each such loan shall bear interest at the rate of 2½ per centum per annum on the unpaid balance thereof and shall be repaid over a period determined by the Secretary to be appropriate, but not exceeding 50 years.

Interest rate.

(d) There is authorized to be appropriated \$40,575,000 to carry out the provisions of this section.

Appropriation.

APPROVAL OF APPLICATIONS

SEC. 4. (a) An application for a grant or loan with respect to any project may be approved by the Secretary under this Act only if an application for a grant with respect to such project has been filed under a Medical Facilities Act (which for purposes of this Act means title VI of the Public Health Service Act or, where appropriate, title II or part C of title I of the Mental Retardation Facilities and Community Mental Health Centers Construction Act of 1963) and—

(1) has been approved under a Medical Facilities Act and the application filed under this Act is for additional funds in connection therewith, or

(2) has been denied under a Medical Facilities Act because insufficient funds are available from the allotments of the District

78 Stat. 447;
81 Stat. 541.
42 USC 291-291c.
77 Stat. 290;
79 Stat. 427.
42 USC 2681 et seq.
77 Stat. 286.
42 USC 2671 et seq.

of Columbia under the applicable Medical Facilities Act to permit approval of the application.

Additional
funds, availabil-
ity.

In determining whether to approve an application for a grant under a Medical Facilities Act for any project in the District of Columbia, the availability of additional funds for such project under this Act shall be taken into consideration. Approval of such application may be made contingent upon the approval of an application or applications with respect to such project under this Act and upon such additional funds being made so available.

Order of loan
approval, criteria.

(b) The Secretary shall establish criteria for determining the order in which to approve, under this Act, applications for grants and loans with respect to projects. Such criteria with respect to construction projects for the same type of facility (or for modernization projects) shall be the criteria developed by the State Agency of the District of Columbia pursuant to the State plan approved under the applicable Medical Facilities Act.

(c) In the case of any project with respect to which an application for a grant or loan is filed under this Act and with respect to which an application for a grant has been denied under a Medical Facilities Act, such application under this Act may be approved only if there is compliance with the same terms and conditions (including determination, in accordance with the applicable State plan, that the project is needed) as are applicable to applications for grants under the Medical Facilities Act, other than the availability of sufficient funds in the appropriate allotment of the District of Columbia.

Loan applica-
tion, review.

(d) An application for a grant or loan under this Act with respect to any project may not be approved unless an opportunity to review the application has been afforded to a body, found by the Secretary to be a responsible metropolitan area-wide planning body, and any recommendations of such body that were timely made have been considered by the appropriate State agency of the District of Columbia and have been submitted to the Secretary in connection with the application.

PAYMENTS

SEC. 5. (a) Payments under this Act with respect to any project shall be made in the manner provided under the applicable Medical Facilities Act for payment of the Federal share of the cost of projects for which applications are approved under such Act; except that payments under this Act shall also be subject to such reasonable conditions as the Secretary deems appropriate to safeguard the Federal interest.

Limitation.

(b) The total of the payments of grants made under this Act with respect to any project, together with any payments made with respect thereto under a Medical Facilities Act, may not exceed—

(1) in the case of a construction project for a long-term care facility, including extended care facilities; a diagnostic or treatment center, or a rehabilitation facility, 66 $\frac{2}{3}$ per centum of the cost of such project; and

(2) in the case of any other project (including a modernization project), 50 per centum of the cost of such project.

RECOVERY OF PAYMENTS

SEC. 6. (a) Payments of grants under this Act shall be subject to recovery or recapture under the same conditions and to the same extent as is provided under the applicable Medical Facilities Act with respect to payments made thereunder.

(b) If, at any time before a loan made under this Act has been repaid in full, an event occurs for which (if a grant had been made

under a Medical Facilities Act) recovery by the United States would be authorized, the unpaid balance of the loan shall become immediately due and payable by the applicant, and any transferee of the facility for which such loan was made shall be liable to the United States for such repayment.

MEANING OF TERMS

SEC. 6. The terms used in this Act shall have the same meaning as when used in the applicable Medical Facilities Act.

Approved August 3, 1968.

Public Law 90-458

AN ACT

August 3, 1968
[S. 1224]

To establish a register of blind persons in the District of Columbia, to provide for the mandatory reporting of information concerning such persons, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of the District of Columbia shall establish and maintain a register of blind persons residing in the District of Columbia. Such register shall, under regulations prescribed by the District of Columbia Council, provide information of such nature as will or may be of assistance in the planning of improved facilities and services for blind persons and in the restoration and conservation of sight.

D.C. register of
blind persons.
Establishment.

SEC. 2. Each—

Reporting of
information.

(1) health, educational, and social service agency or institution operating in the District of Columbia and having in its care or custody (either full or part time), or rendering service to, any blind person,

(2) physician and osteopath licensed or registered by the District of Columbia who has in his professional care for diagnosis or treatment such a person, and

(3) optometrist licensed by the District of Columbia who, in the course of his practice of optometry, ascertains that a person is blind,

shall report in writing to the Commissioner the name, age, and residence of such person and such additional information as the Council may, by regulation, require for incorporation in the register referred to in the first section. Such register and reports shall not be open to public inspection. The Commissioner may make available in the form of statistical abstracts or digests information contained in such register and reports if the identity of persons referred to in such register or reports is not disclosed in such abstracts or digests.

SEC. 3. For the purpose of this Act—

Definitions.

(1) the term "blind person" means, and the term "blind" refers to, a person who (A) is totally blind, (B) has impaired vision of not more than 20/200 visual acuity in the better eye and for whom vision cannot be improved to better than 20/200, or (C) who has loss of vision due wholly or in part to impairment of field vision or to other factors which affect the usefulness of vision to a like degree,

(2) the term "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the District of Columbia or his designated agent, and

(3) the term "Council" means the District of Columbia Council.

SEC. 4. Any person who in good faith makes a report pursuant to this Act or pursuant to any regulation promulgated under the author-